GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING, INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING (15) & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (19)

MECHANICAL MEASUREMENT & METROLOGY **SUBJECT CODE**: 2141901 B.E. 4th SEMESTER

Type of course: Under Graduate level

Prerequisite: Nil

Rationale:

Measurement and Metrology deals with the application of science in Mechanical Engineering. It provides a means of assessing the suitability of measuring instruments, their calibration, and the quality control of manufactured products. A product that is not manufactured according to metrological specifications will have to incur heavy costs of comply with the specifications later. Any compromise in quality creates rapid negative sentiments in the market and cost of recovering the original market position would be quite high. Hence, an organization should strive towards a ZERO – DEFECT regime in order to survive in a highly competitive market, ensuring this aspect of manufacturing is the responsibility of a quality control engineer, who must be completely familiar with measurements and metrology and also their limitations.

By educating in the area of Measurement and Metrology students will enable to seek employment in engineering upon graduation while, at the same time, provide a firm foundation for the pursuit of graduate studies in engineering.

Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Teaching Scheme			Credits	Examination Marks					Total	
L	T	P	С	Theor	heory Marks Practical M		Marks	Marks		
				ESE	P.A	A (M)	PA	A (V)	PA	
				(E)	PA	ALA	ESE	OEP	(I)	
3	0	2	5	70	20	10	20	10	20	150

Content:

Sr. No.	No. Content		%
		Hrs	Weightag
1	Mechanical Measurement:	03	7%
	Need of mechanical measurement, Basic definitions: Hysteresis,		
	Linearity, Resolution of measuring instruments, Threshold, Drift,		
	Zero stability, loading effect and system response. Measurement		
	methods, Generalized Measurement system, Static performance		
	characteristics, Errors and their classification.		
2	Linear and angular measurements:	07	15%

	Linear Measurement Instruments, Vernier calliper, Micrometer, Interval measurements: Slip gauges, Checking of slip gauges for		
	surface quality, Optical flat, Limit gauges, Problems on		
2	measurements with gauge.	0.6	1.40/
3	Measurement of Force, Torque and Strain:	06	14%
	Force measurement: load cells, cantilever beams, proving rings,		
	differential transformers.		
	Measurement of torque: Torsion bar dynamometer, servo		
	controlled dynamometer, absorption dynamometers. Power		
	Measurements.		
	Measurement of strain: Mechanical strain gauges, electrical strain		
	gauges, strain gauge: materials, gauge factors, theory of strain		
	gauges and method of measurement, bridge arrangement,		
	temperature compensation.		
4	Displacement, Velocity/Speed, and Acceleration,	04	7%
	Measurement:		
	Working principal of Resistive Potentiometer, Linear variable		
	differential transducers, Electro Magnetic Transducers,		
	Mechanical, Electrical and Photoelectric Tachometers,		
	Piezoelectric Accelerometer, Seismic Accelerometer,		
5	Temperature measurement:	04	12%
	Temperature Measuring Devices: Thermocouples, Resistance		
	Temperature Detectors, Thermistor, Liquid in glass Thermometers,		
	Pressure Thermometers, Pyrometer, Bimetallic strip. Calibration		
	of temperature measuring devices, Numerical Examples on Flow		
	Measurement.		
	3.6 4 3		
6	Metrology:	02	4%
6	Metrology: Basics of Metrology, Need for Inspection, Accuracy and Precision,	02	4%
6		02	4%
7	Basics of Metrology, Need for Inspection, Accuracy and Precision,	02	12%
	Basics of Metrology, Need for Inspection, Accuracy and Precision, Objectives, Standards of measurements.		
	Basics of Metrology, Need for Inspection, Accuracy and Precision, Objectives, Standards of measurements. Metrology of Gears and screw threads:		
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	Mechanical Optical Comparators, Electrical Comparators,		
	Pneumatic Comparators.		
10	Miscellaneous Metrology:	04	10%
	Precision Instrumentation based on Laser Principals, Coordinate		
	measuring machines: Structure, Modes of Operation, Probe,		
	Operation and applications. Optical Measuring Techniques: Tool		
	Maker's Microscope, Profile Projector, Optical Square. Basics of		
	Optical Interference and Interferometry, Optoelectronic		
	measurements,		
	Total Hours	45	100%

Suggested Specification table with Marks (Theory):

Distribution of Theory Marks							
R Level	U Level	A Level	N Level	E Level			
7	14	21	14	14			

Legends: R: Remembrance; U: Understanding; A: Application, N: Analyze and E: Evaluate and above Levels (Revised Bloom's Taxonomy)

Note: This specification table shall be treated as a general guideline for students and teachers. The actual distribution of marks in the question paper may vary slightly from above table

Reference Books:

- 1. Engineering Metrology and Measurement, N V Raghavendra and Krishnamurthy, Oxford University Press,
- 2. Engineering Metrology and Measurements, Bentley, Pearson Education
- 3. Theory and Design for Mechanical Measurements, 3rd Edition, Richard S Figliola, Donald E Beasley, Wiley India
- 4. Metrology and Measurement, Anand Bewoor & Vinay Kulkarni McGraw-Hill
- 5. Doebelin's Measurement Systems Ernest Doebelin, Dhanesh Manik McGraw-Hill
- 6. Instrumentation, Measurement and Analysis, B.C. Nakra, K.K. Chaudhry McGraw-Hill
- 7. A Text book of Engineering Metrology, I C Gupta, Dhanpat Rai Publications
- 8. A course in Mechanical Measurements and Instrumentation, A K Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai Publications
- 9. Mechanical Measurements and Instrumentations, Er. R K Rajput, Kataria Publication(KATSON)
- 10. Mechanical Measurement and Metrology by R K Jain, Khanna PublisherMechanical Measurement & Control by D.S. Kumar.
- 11. Industrial Instrumentation & Control by S K Singh, McGrawHill
- 12. Mechanical Measurements by Beckwith & Buck, Narosa publishing House

Course Outcome:

After learning the course the students should be able to:

- 1. Students will describe basic concepts of Metrology
- 2. Students will select linear measuring instrument for measurement of various components
- 3. Students select angular and taper measurement devices for measurement of various components
- 4. Students will discriminate between various screws by measuring their dimensions

- 5. Students will separate different gears through measurement of various dimensions of gears
- 6. Students will discriminate capabilities of machining process by measuring surface finish of the component produced
- 7. Students will evaluate quality of surface produced using various methods
- 8. Students will describe basic concepts of mechanical measurement and errors in measurements.
- 9. Students will select appropriate temperature measuring device for various applications
- 10. Students will describe methods of measurement for various quantities like force, torque, power, displacement, velocity/seed and acceleration

List of Experiments:

Following experiments are suggested for Laboratory work

- 1. Basic understanding of measurements and metrology: concepts, application, advantage and future aspects
- 2. Performance on linear and angular measurements and check different characteristics of measurements
- 3. Performance on Temperature measurements and check different characteristics of measurements and also do calibration
- 4. Performance on Temperature measurements and check different characteristics of measurements and also do calibration
- 5. Performance on Stress, strain and force measurements and check different characteristics of measurements and also do calibration
- 6. Performance on Speed/Velocity, acceleration measurements.
- 7. Performance on surface measurements
- 8. Performance on measurements of gears and screw threads

Important Note:

80 % From above suggested laboratory work should be covered and remaining 20 % is as per facility available at Department.

Design based Problems (DP)/Open Ended Problem:

All above performance are to be carried out in the laboratory and students will prepare experiments and note down reading and conclusion. The can prepare for calibration and compare results with existing and with alternate methods of measurements. At least 5 open ended problems are proposed for better understanding the subject and to apply real life application. The projects are listed below:

- 1. Calibration of temperature measuring devices
- 2. Design and prepare for strain/force/torque measurements experiments
- 3. Setup preparation and experiments on linear and angular measurements
- 4. Experiment for gear and screw thread measurements
- 5. Setup preparation and experiments on Displacement, Speed/Velocity and acceleration measurement

Major Equipment:

- 1. Temperature Measurements Equipments/Devices/Sensors
- 2. Stress/Strain/Force Measurements Equipments/Devices/Sensors
- 3. Surface Measurements Equipments/Devices/Sensors
- 4. Linear/Angular Measurements Equipments/Devices/Sensors
- 5. Resistive Potentiometer, Tachometers, Piezoelectric Accelerometer

- 6. Gears/Screw Threads Measurements Equipments/Devices/Sensors
- 7. Miscellaneous measurements equipments

List of Open Source Software/learning website:

1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/112106138

ACTIVE LEARNING ASSIGNMENTS: Preparation of power-point slides, which include videos, animations, pictures, graphics for better understanding theory and practical work – The faculty will allocate chapters/ parts of chapters to groups of students so that the entire syllabus to be covered. The power-point slides should be put up on the web-site of the College/ Institute, along with the names of the students of the group, the name of the faculty, Department and College on the first slide. The best three works should submit to GTU.